

# Safety Data Sheet according to (EC) No 1907/2006 as amended

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LOCTITE TCP 4000 PM known as 0.5KG PSX-Pm(Med Dry) EN/CH

## SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

LOCTITE TCP 4000 PM known as 0.5KG PSX-Pm(Med Dry) EN/CH

#### 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use:

Phase Change Thermal Interface Material (PCTIM)

### 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Henkel Ireland

Operations and Research Limited Tallaght Business Park, Whitestown

24 Dublin

Ireland

Phone: +353 (0353) 1 404 6444

HRADublin@henkel.com

For Safety Data Sheet updates please visit our website https://mysds.henkel.com/index.html#/appSelection or www.henkel-adhesives.com.

### 1.4. Emergency telephone number

00353 14046280

National Poisons Information Centre: Members of Public: +353 (1) 809 2166. (8.00 a.m. to 10.00 p.m. 7 days a week) Healthcare Professionals: +353 (1) 809 2566 (24-hour service)

## **SECTION 2: Hazards identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

### **Classification (CLP):**

Chronic hazards to the aquatic environment H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Category 3

### 2.2. Label elements

Label elements (CLP):

**Hazard statement:** H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary statement:** P273 Avoid release to the environment.

Prevention

#### 2.3. Other hazards

None if used properly.

Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

Following substances are present in a concentration  $\geq$  the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 and fulfill the criteria for PBT/vPvB, or were identified as endocrine disruptor (ED):

This mixture does not contain any substances in a concentration  $\geq$  the concentration limit for depiction in Section 3 that are assessed to be a PBT, vPvB or ED.

### **SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Declaration of the ingredients according to CLP (EC) No 1272/2008:

Hazardous components CAS-No. EC Number REACH-Reg No.	Concentration	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M- factors and ATEs	Add. Information
aluminium powder (stabilised) 7429-90-5 231-072-3 01-2119529243-45	50- 100 %	Water-react. 2, H261 Pyr. Sol. 1, H250		EUEXPL2D
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics 01-2119456377-30	5- < 10 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411		
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics 01-2119456810-40	1-< 5 %	Asp. Tox. 1, H304		

If no ATE values are displayed, please refer to LD/LC50 values in Section 11. For full text of the H - statements and other abbreviations see section 16 "Other information".

## **SECTION 4: First aid measures**

## 4.1. Description of first aid measures

Inhalation:

Move to fresh air. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Skin contact:

Rinse with running water and soap.

Obtain medical attention if irritation persists.

Eye contact:

Rinse immediately with plenty of running water (for 10 minutes), seek medical attention from a specialist.

Ingestion:

Rinse mouth, drink 1-2 glasses of water, do not induce vomiting, consult a doctor.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause skin irritation.

Prolonged or repeated contact may cause eye irritation.

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

See section: Description of first aid measures

## **SECTION 5: Firefighting measures**

#### 5.1. Extinguishing media

## Suitable extinguishing media:

Carbon dioxide, foam, powder

Fine water spray

#### Extinguishing media which must not be used for safety reasons:

High pressure waterjet

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In the event of a fire, carbon monoxide (CO), carbon dioxide (CO2) and nitrogen oxides (NOx) can be released.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

Wear self-contained breathing apparatus and full protective clothing, such as turn-out gear.

#### **Additional information:**

In case of fire, keep containers cool with water spray.

## **SECTION 6: Accidental release measures**

### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Avoid contact with skin and eyes.

Wear protective equipment.

Ensure adequate ventilation.

Keep away from sources of ignition.

#### **6.2.** Environmental precautions

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For small spills wipe up with paper towel and place in container for disposal.

For large spills absorb onto inert absorbent material and place in sealed container for disposal.

Dispose of contaminated material as waste according to Section 13.

### 6.4. Reference to other sections

See advice in section 8

## **SECTION 7: Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Avoid skin and eye contact.

See advice in section 8

## Hygiene measures:

Good industrial hygiene practices should be observed.

Wash hands before work breaks and after finishing work.

Do not eat, drink or smoke while working.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Store in a dry place.

Keep container tightly sealed.

Refer to Technical Data Sheet

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Phase Change Thermal Interface Material (PCTIM)

## **SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection**

#### 8.1. Control parameters

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Ireland

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m³	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
Aluminium		1	Time Weighted Average		IR_OEL
7429-90-5			(TWA):		
[ALUMINIUM METAL]					

#### **Occupational Exposure Limits**

Valid for

Great Britain

Ingredient [Regulated substance]	ppm	mg/m <sup>3</sup>	Value type	Short term exposure limit category / Remarks	Regulatory list
aluminium powder (stabilised) 7429-90-5 [ALUMINIUM METAL, INHALABLE DUST]		10	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL
aluminium powder (stabilised) 7429-90-5 [ALUMINIUM METAL, RESPIRABLE DUST]		4	Time Weighted Average (TWA):		EH40 WEL

## **Biological Exposure Indices:**

None

### 8.2. Exposure controls:

Engineering controls:

Ensure good ventilation/extraction.

Respiratory protection:

Ensure adequate ventilation.

An approved mask or respirator fitted with an organic vapour cartridge should be worn if the product is used in a poorly ventilated area

Filter type: A (EN 14387)

### Hand protection:

Chemical-resistant protective gloves (EN 374).

Suitable materials for short-term contact or splashes (recommended: at least protection index 2, corresponding to > 30 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

Suitable materials for longer, direct contact (recommended: protection index 6, corresponding to > 480 minutes permeation time as per EN 374):

nitrile rubber (NBR; >= 0.4 mm thickness)

This information is based on literature references and on information provided by glove manufacturers, or is derived by analogy with similar substances. Please note that in practice the working life of chemical-resistant protective gloves may be considerably shorter than the permeation time determined in accordance with EN 374 as a result of the many influencing factors (e.g. temperature). If signs of wear and tear are noticed then the gloves should be replaced.

## Eye protection:

Safety glasses with sideshields or chemical safety goggles should be worn if there is a risk of splashing. Protective eye equipment should conform to EN166.

Skin protection:

Wear suitable protective clothing.

Protective clothing should conform to EN 14605 for liquid splashes or to EN 13982 for dusts.

Advices to personal protection equipment:

The information provided on personal protective equipment is for guidance purposes only. A full risk assessment should be conducted prior to using this product to determine the appropriate personal protective equipment to suit local conditions. Personal protective equipment should conform to the relevant EN standard.

## **SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Delivery form paste
Colour grey
Odor odourless
Physical state liquid

Melting point Not applicable, Product is a liquid

Solidification temperature 45 °C (113 °F) Initial boiling point 200 °C (> 392 °F)

Flammability The product is not flammable.

**Explosive limits** 

lower 0,7 %(V); upper 5,3 %(V);

Upper/lower explosion limit
Flash point > 93 °C (> 199.4 °F) No flash point up to 200 °C

Auto-ignition temperature  $> 200 \, ^{\circ}\text{C} \, (> 392 \, ^{\circ}\text{F})$ 

Decomposition temperature Not applicable, Substance/mixture is not self-reactive, no organic

peroxide and does not decompose under foreseen conditions of use

pH Not applicable, Product is non-soluble (in water).

Viscosity (kinematic) > 100 mm2/s

(40 °C (104 °F); )

Solubility (qualitative) Insoluble

(20 °C (68 °F); Solvent: Water)

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

Not applicable
Mixture

Vapour pressure < 0,01 hPa

(20 °C (68 °F))

Density 1,9 - 2,1 g/cm3

(20 °C (68 °F)) Density

Relative vapour density: > 1

(20 °C)

Particle characteristics

Not applicable

Product is a liquid

#### 9.2. Other information

Other information not applicable for this product

## **SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity**

## 10.1. Reactivity

Strong oxidizing agents.

### 10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended storage conditions.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

See section reactivity

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions of storage and use. Avoid contact with acids and oxidizing agents.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

See section reactivity.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Hydrocarbons carbon oxides. nitrogen oxides

Rapid polymerisation may generate excessive heat and pressure.

## **SECTION 11: Toxicological information**

### 11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

#### Acute oral toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			
aluminium powder	LD50	> 15.900 mg/kg	rat	OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral Toxicity)
(stabilised)				
7429-90-5				
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16,	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%				Toxicity)
aromatics				
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13,	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 401 (Acute Oral
isoalkanes, <2%				Toxicity)
aromatics				

#### Acute dermal toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Value type	Value	Species	Method
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LD50	> 5.000 mg/kg	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	LD50	> 2.200 mg/kg	rabbit	not specified

### Acute inhalative toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Test atmosphere	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type			time		
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LC50	> 5,991 mg/l	dust/mist	4 h	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	LC50	> 5,6 mg/l	dust/mist	4 h	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

### Skin corrosion/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Exposure time	Species	Method
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	not irritating	4 h	rabbit	OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	mildly irritating	4 h	rabbit	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 404 (Acute Dermal Irritation / Corrosion)

## Serious eye damage/irritation:

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result	Exposure	Species	Method
CAS-No.		time		
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16,	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%	Ų.			· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
aromatics				
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13,	not irritating		rabbit	OECD Guideline 405 (Acute Eye Irritation / Corrosion)
isoalkanes, <2%				· • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •
aromatics				

## Respiratory or skin sensitization:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Species	Method
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	not sensitising	Guinea pig maximisation test	guinea pig	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 406 (Skin Sensitisation)

## Germ cell mutagenicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Type of study / Route of administration	Metabolic activation / Exposure time	Species	Method
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	negative	in vitro mammalian chromosome aberration test	with and without		OECD Guideline 473 (In vitro Mammalian Chromosome Aberration Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	negative	bacterial reverse mutation assay (e.g Ames test)	with and without		OECD Guideline 471 (Bacterial Reverse Mutation Assay)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	negative	DNA damage and repair assay, unscheduled DNA synthesis in mammalian cells in vitro	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 479 (Genetic Toxicology: In Vitro Sister Chromatid Exchange Assay in Mammalian Cells)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	negative	mammalian cell gene mutation assay	with and without		equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 476 (In vitro Mammalian Cell Gene Mutation Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	negative	oral: gavage		mouse	OECD Guideline 474 (Mammalian Erythrocyte Micronucleus Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	negative	inhalation: vapour		rat	OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	negative	inhalation: vapour		rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 478 (Genetic Toxicology: Rodent Dominant Lethal Test)

## Carcinogenicity

No data available.

## Reproductive toxicity:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Result / Value	Test type	Route of	Species	Method
CAS-No.			application		
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	NOAEL P >= 1.500 mg/kg NOAEL F1 750 mg/kg	One generation study	oral: gavage	rat	OECD Guideline 415 (One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	NOAEL P 1.500 mg/kg NOAEL F1 750 mg/kg	One generation study	oral: gavage	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 415 (One- Generation Reproduction Toxicity Study)

## STOT-single exposure:

No data available.

## STOT-repeated exposure:

The mixture is classified based on threshold limits referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result / Value	Route of application	Exposure time / Frequency of	Species	Method
		1	treatment		
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	NOAEL 3.000 mg/kg	oral: feed	90 d daily	rat	OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	NOAEL 1.000 mg/kg	oral: gavage	13 w daily	rat	equivalent or similar to OECD Guideline 408 (Repeated Dose 90-Day Oral Toxicity in Rodents)

### **Aspiration hazard:**

The mixture is classified based on Viscosity data.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Viscosity (kinematic) Value	Temperature	Method	Remarks
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	3,21 mm2/s	20 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	1,77 mm2/s	20 °C	ASTM Standard D7042	

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

not applicable

## **SECTION 12: Ecological information**

#### **General ecological information:**

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

### 12.1. Toxicity

## **Toxicity (Fish):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
aluminium powder (stabilised)	NOEC	> 100 mg/l	96 h	Salmo trutta	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
7429-90-5		_			Acute Toxicity Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16,	LL50	> 2 - 5 mg/l	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%					Acute Toxicity Test)
aromatics					-
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13,	LC50	Toxicity > Water	96 h	Oncorhynchus mykiss	OECD Guideline 203 (Fish,
isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		solubility			Acute Toxicity Test)

### **Toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16,	EL50	1,4 mg/l	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
isoalkanes, cyclics, <2%					(Daphnia sp. Acute
aromatics					Immobilisation Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13,	EC50	Toxicity > Water	48 h	Daphnia magna	OECD Guideline 202
isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		solubility			(Daphnia sp. Acute
		_			Immobilisation Test)

## **Chronic toxicity (aquatic invertebrates):**

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	NOEL	0,48 mg/l	21 d	1 &	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	NOEC	> 1 mg/l	21 d	1 &	OECD 211 (Daphnia magna, Reproduction Test)

## **Toxicity (Algae):**

The mixture is classified based on calculation method referring to the classified substances present in the mixture.

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	Value	Value	Exposure time	Species	Method
CAS-No.	type				
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	EL50	> 1 - 3 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	LOEC	1 mg/l	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics		Toxicity > Water solubility	72 h	Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata	OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

### **Toxicity (microorganisms):**

No data available.

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances CAS-No.	Result	Test type	Degradability	Exposure time	Method
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	58,6 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics, <2% aromatics	inherently biodegradable	aerobic	58,6 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2% aromatics	not readily biodegradable.	aerobic	31,3 %	28 d	OECD Guideline 301 F (Ready Biodegradability: Manometric Respirometry Test)

### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

No data available.

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The table below presents the data of the classified substances present in the mixture.

Hazardous substances	PBT / vPvB
CAS-No.	
Hydrocarbons, C12-C16, isoalkanes, cyclics,	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
<2% aromatics	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.
Hydrocarbons, C11-C13, isoalkanes, <2%	Not fulfilling Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic (PBT), very Persistent and very
aromatics	Bioaccumulative (vPvB) criteria.

### 12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

not applicable

### 12.7. Other adverse effects

No data available.

## **SECTION 13: Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Product disposal:

Do not empty into drains / surface water / ground water.

Dispose of in accordance with local and national regulations.

Disposal of uncleaned packages:

After use, tubes, cartons and bottles containing residual product should be disposed of as chemically contaminated waste in an authorised legal land fill site or incinerated.

#### Waste code

08 04 09\* waste adhesives and sealants containing organic solvents and other dangerous substances

The valid EWC waste code numbers are source-related. The manufacturer is therefore unable to specify EWC waste codes for the articles or products used in the various sectors. The EWC codes listed are intended as a recommendation for users. We will be happy to advise you.

## **SECTION 14: Transport information**

### 14.1. UN number or ID number

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

### 14.4. Packing group

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

### 14.5. Environmental hazards

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not hazardous according to RID, ADR, ADN, IMDG, IATA-DGR.

## 14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

not applicable

## **SECTION 15: Regulatory information**

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Ozone Depleting Substance (ODS) (Regulation (EC) No 1005/2009): Prior Informed Consent (PIC) (Regulation (EU) No 649/2012): Persistent organic pollutants (Regulation (EU) 2019/1021):

Not applicable Not applicable Not applicable

VOC content (2010/75/EC)

< 3 %

This product is regulated by Regulation (EU) 2019/1148: all suspicious transactions, and significant disappearances and thefts should be reported to the relevant national contact point. Please see https://ec.europa.eu/home-affairs/what-we-do/policies/counter-terrorism/protection/implementation-explosives-precursors-legislation\_en.

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been carried out.

### **SECTION 16: Other information**

The labelling of the product is indicated in Section 2. The full text of all abbreviations indicated by codes in this safety data sheet are as follows:

H250 Catches fire spontaneously if exposed to air.

H261 In contact with water releases flammable gases.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

ED: Substance identified as having endocrine disrupting properties

EU OEL: Substance with a Union workplace exposure limit
EU EXPLD 1: Substance listed in Annex I, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
EU EXPLD 2 Substance listed in Annex II, Reg (EC) No. 2019/1148
SVHC: Substance of very high concern (REACH Candidate List)
PBT: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic criteria

PBT/vPvB: Substance fulfilling persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic plus very persistent and very

bioaccumulative criteria

vPvB: Substance fulfilling very persistent and very bioaccumulative criteria

#### **Further information:**

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This information is based on our current level of knowledge and relates to the product in the state in which it is delivered. It is intended to describe our products from the point of view of safety requirements and is not intended to guarantee any particular properties.

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